Finnish Safety and Chemicals Agency (Tukes) Timo Talvitie 14 June 2017

## Remote operated production plants - Safety concerns

# <u>tukes</u>

#### **Finnish Safety and Chemicals Agency Offices: Helsinki, Tampere, Rovaniemi** Personnel: 258 **Industry department – Industrial processes unit 15 employees** Core duty: inspection of and granting licenses for production plants that handle or store hazardous chemicals or explosives **Competent Authority on SEVESO-directive Responsible**, safe and **COMPETITIVE Finland** - Tukes is a builder of cooperation, pointing the way forward. SUOJAN TUOJA. tukes

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## Unmanned and remote operated production plants – safety concerns

- Case where Tukes licensed a hydrogen production plant
  - Fire and explosion risks as well as toxic release
  - Remote operated, unmanned
- A growing trend
  - Air separation plants
  - Small heating plants (operated only on reserve and peak times) using LPG as a fuel



#### The hydrogen plant

- Hydrogen production by steam methane reforming
  - Takes place in the reformer at 900 °C, where the natural gas / steam mixture passes the catalyst
  - Products: hydrogen (and carbon dioxide) delivered through a pipeline to a close-by oil refinery
- Capacity: 45 000 Nm3 H<sub>2</sub>/h, corresponds to 4 tn/h
- Maximum amount of chemicals: CH<sub>4</sub> = 1.5 t, H<sub>2</sub> = 0.8 t, CO = 0.7 t
  ➢ Under the Seveso establishment but still licensed by Tukes (national legislation)
- The plant is constructed for remote operation and is unmanned outside regular office hours
  - Remote control center located in Germany



#### The licensing process in Finland

- A company submits a licence application including hazops,
- consequence analysis, safety system documents etc. to Tukes Handling takes 4-8 months on average  $\rightarrow$  Tukes give a licence with conditions and before commissioning a plant has to be inspected by Tukes
- The company proposed that the local operator would be in the site within one hour if needed. Otherwise an employee can be reached by phone.
- The hydrogen plant got the licence on the condition that:
  - The local operator or an emergency on-call person has to be at the site no later than 15 minutes
  - Main reasons for the condition were the major accident hazards (fire and explosion) and the need of expert support to the local fire department
  - The company took the decision to court!



#### **Decision of the Finnish administrative court**

- The court rejected the company's appeal to overrule the demand of 15 minutes response time for the emergency on-call person
  - The court also added that it was not necessary for the on-call person to be on the payroll of the company but this service could also be bought outside the company
  - Tukes had to handle the condition in the license again
- Before the court decision took place the company decided to hire three new field operators (24/7 crew) and the plant started its operations and the plant was commissioned



## Safety concerns for the remote operated unmanned plants

- Which risks can be managed remote and which not?
  - Major accident scenarios?
- What are the requirements for changing the plant from a locally operated plant to a remote operated one? Level of automation?
- How many and how complex plants can the same remote operator(s) control?
  - How to inspect the remote control center aboard
- Precautionary actions needed if the remote connection or power is lost?
- Response time for the local personnel or emergency on-call persons?
- Operator's ability to control the plant manually or react to different unusual situations
- Good practices for remote operated plants?
- Open questions: cyber risks...



Finnish Safety and Chemicals Agency (Tukes)

Chemical Accident Risks Seminar, Ispra, 14-16 June 2017



#### Thank you for your attention!



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